# Life After Head and/or Neck Cancer: Establishing Your New Normal

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Texas Laryngectomee Association 2018 Conference

## Objectives

- Will understand the types of treatments and potential postsurgery side effects.
- Will learn ways to adjust recipes to increase calories and improve moisture.
- Will learn ways to modify food and fluid textures to improve nutritional intake.

### Treatments

- Radiation therapy
- Chemotherapy
- Surgery
  - Esophagectomy surgery to remove some or most of the esophagus. Often a small part of the stomach is removed as well.
  - Laryngectomy surgery involving the removal of part or all of the larynx (voice box)

## Post surgery

#### • Enteral Nutrition

- Typically for 1-2 weeks after surgery
- Registered Dietitian (RD)
  - Works with Provider to determine energy/protein needs and identifies the most appropriate formula to meet those needs

• The length of time varies

• Nutrition plans are individualized

## Potential Problems/Side Effects

#### • From Surgery

- Scarring
- Sore mouth/throat
- Painful swallow
- Change in sense of taste or loss of taste
- Unintended weight loss

### Potential Problems/Side Effects, cont.

From Radiation TreatmentChewing problems

• Dental

• Thick saliva

• Dry mouth

• Dehydration

• Swallowing problems

• Scar tissue/pain/swelling

### Potential Problems/Side Effects, cont.

• From chemotherapy

- Decreased or heightened sense of smell
- Altered taste/loss of taste
- Nausea/vomiting
- Unintended weight loss
- Altered GI function
  - Decreased flexibility of esophagus
  - Change in anatomy
  - Reflux



## Typical Diet Progression

#### • Liquid Diet

- Clear Liquid juices, gelatin, broth, tea, popsicles, fruit ice, coffee
  - Excluding acidic drinks when applicable
- Full Liquid blended soups, cream soups, milk, yogurt, pudding
- Puree Diet
- Mechanical Soft ground/minced or chopped
- Regular diet
- Thickened liquids treatment may cause change in ability to swallow thin liquids
  - Pudding-pudding cup; eat with spoon
  - Honey- think pouring honey
  - Nectar-slightly thicker than a chilled Ensure

## Dehydration and/or Dry mouth

### Adding Moisture

- Take small sips with meals
- Cream vegetables
- Use gravy, sauce, or cream sauce
- Use fruit ice, popsicles, or sherbet
- Lemon drops to moisten mouth
- Chew gum
- Crushed ice

## Example of adding moisture

### Green Beans

### Creamed Green Beans



## Example adding moisture, cont.

Grilled Chicken Sandwich

### Avocado Chicken Sandwich





## Unintentional Weight Loss

### • Adding Calories

- Fortify Foods
  - Half and half
  - Greek yogurt
  - Cottage/ricotta cheese
- Cheese sauce, mayo, avocado, hummus
- Multiple meals/snacks throughout the day
  - Cheese/crackers, deviled eggs or egg salad, avocados, hummus

## Unintentional Weight Loss, cont.

• Other ways to add calories

- Add applesauce to gelatin
- Make custards, quiches, casseroles
- Carnation Instant breakfast
  - Milkshake/smoothie
  - Fortify milk
- Nutritional Supplement

## Comparison of Calories

### Plain Omelet (160 kcals, 11g PRO

### Omelet with Cheese (358 kcals, 22g PRO)





### Red Flags

- Loss of appetite
  - Early Satiety
    - Unintentional wt loss
      - Greater than 5lbs in 1 week
      - Greater than 10lbs in 1 month



## Red Flags

### • GI Intolerance

Nausea

• B.R.A.T., bland foods, avoiding fried foods, spicy foods, avoid complete emptying of stomach, foods with strong odors

#### • Vomiting

Monitor hydration, carbonate beverages (Sprite, Ginger Ale, broth)

#### • Constipation

 Increasing water/fluids, vegetables (ruffage), increase fiber (Metamucil/Benefiber)

#### • Diarrhea

• Sports drinks, Pedialyte

## References

• American cancer society www.acs.org

• Cancer research UK www.cancerresearchuk.org

# Questions?